Variance

VARIANCE APPLICATION COLUMBIA COUNTY ZONING ORDINANCE

General Information

APPLICANT: Name:	
Mailing address:	
Phone No.: Office Home	
Are you theproperty owner?owner's agent?	
PROPERTY OWNER:same as above, OR:	
Name:	
Mailing Address:	
PROPERTY ADDRESS (if assigned):	
TAX ACCOUNT NO.: Acres:	
TYPE OF VARIANCE:	Ordinance Change Requires: to:
Lot size:	
Setback:frontsiderear	
Other:	
PRESENT LAND USES: (farm, forest, bush, swamp, residential, Use:	
- 	
	
Total acres (should agree with a	above):

Variance		File No. V	
		Is the well installed?YesNo Name	
If Septic, does th	N Sie subject property already	ommunity Sewer. Nameot applicable. eptic System. have a system?YesNo	
contiguous property:NoneTax Acc't. N	ERTY: List all adjacent proposition. Acres	System?Yes No perty you own with boundaries touching the subject Co-owners (if any)	
CERTIFICATION:	of the above statements, ar	ad all other documents submitted, are accurate and	
Date:	Signature:	·····	
septic tanks and drain f	• • •	n, including existing and proposed structures, s, large natural features (e.g. cliffs, streams, easements, etc.	
+++++++++++++++		thent Use Only	
Date Rec'd	Hearin	g Date:	
Receipt No	Or: Admir	istrative	
Zoning:	Staff Me	mber:	

VARIANCE FACT SHEET

Variance Standards:

Please answer the following (attach extra pages if needed):

The following 5 requirements are from Section 1504.1A of the Columbia County Zoning Ordinance:

"A variance shall be made only when all of the following conditions and facts exist:

- 1. The granting of the variance will not be detrimental to the public safety, health, or welfare, or injurious to other property;"
- 1. State how the granting of your variance will not injure other property in the vicinity, nor be detrimental to the public safety, health or welfare:

 "2. The conditions upon which the request for a variance is based are unique to the property for which the variance is sought and are not applicable generally to other property;"

 2. Describe the conditions, unique to the property (NOT the owner), over which you have no control, on which you base this variance request (parcel size, shape, location; topography; natural features; etc.):

- "3. Approval of the application will allow the property to be used only for purposes authorized by the Zoning Ordinance;"
- 3. What uses or structures do you intend to place on the property?

Variance	File No. V	
"4.	Strict compliance with the Zoning Ordinance would create an unnecessary hardship;"	
•	n in detail the unnecessary hardship. This may be a personal or physical hardship, but i e out of the unique physical conditions on the property described in 2 above.	t
"5.	The granting of the variance will not adversely affect the realization of the Comprehensive Plan nor violate any other provision of the Zoning Ordinance."	ı
	is variance be consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and other requirements of the rdinance?	
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Please su	ubmit all of the following:	
 An: A g dra Do A v 	e attached "VARIANCE APPLICATION General Information". Issuers to the above questions. Igood measured sketch of your property, showing all existing structures, septic tanks and ain fields, large natural features, roads and driveways, property lines, easements, etc. In on't forget the North arrow and the scale of the drawing. It is included in the scale of the drawing in the scale of the drawing in the scale of the drawing in the scale application fee.	

Applying for a **VARIANCE**

Definition of a Variance

A variance is an action that allows the applicant to depart from the standard rules to alleviate an "unnecessary hardship" arising from the physical characteristics of the land. A financial hardship does not justify a variance unless it is related to some physical characteristic of the land over which the applicant had no control. Use variances are not permitted.

Types of Variances

There are two types of variance that one may apply for in Columbia County.

- 1. <u>Minor Variance</u>: A request for a variance of less than 25% from a dimensional requirement such as setbacks, height, lot coverage, lot width, or lot depth, or a request for a variance of less than 10% from a minimum lot size requirement. A minor variance is processed administratively and approved or denied by the Planning Director.
- 2. <u>Major Variance</u>: A request for a variance of 25% or more from a dimensional requirement such as setbacks, height, lot coverage, lot width, or lot depth, or a request for a variance of 10% or more from a minimum lot size requirement. A major variance is processed as a land use action that is heard and approved or denied by the Planning Commission after a public hearing.

Please Note: Major variances from the lot size requirements of the Primary Agriculture (PA-38), Forest Agriculture (FA-19), and Primary Forest (PF-76) zones are not permitted.

Applying for Minor and Major Variances

- 1. Determine if your variance request is based up an **unnecessary hardship** resulting from a **physical characteristic of the land**. The unnecessary hardship may be financial but it must arise from some physical characteristic of the property over which you had no control; these may include topography, access, parcel size or shape, etc. If unnecessary hardship caused by the physical characteristics of the land is the case you should move to the next step in the process.
- 2. Determine if you should apply for a minor or major variance, then fill out the <u>Application</u>, <u>Variance Fact Sheet</u>, and <u>plot plan</u>.
 - A. <u>Minor Variance</u> Notice will be sent to nearby property owners and affected agencies for comment. If notified parties do not request referral to the Planning Commission, a staff report will be written followed by a final order either approving, approving with conditions, or denying your request. Notice of the decision is then mailed to those who were originally notified and an appeal period follows (10 days from the date of the mailing). Your variance becomes final if no appeal is received within the 10 day appeal period. Processing time for a Minor Variance generally runs about 1 month.

B. Major Variance - Notice will be sent to property owners an affected agencies for comment. A staff report will be written about your request, and a hearing scheduled before the Planning Commission. A decision will be made at the Planning Commission meeting based upon the staff report, testimony received at the hearing, written comments received, and other research about your proposal. Your variance request will either be approved, approved with conditions, or denied. A final order will be prepared and signed by the chairperson of the Planning Commission within a few days after Planning Commission decision and hearing date. After the final order is signed a notice of decision will be mailed to those who have standing. The 10 day appeal period will begin the day of the mailing. Your variance will become final if no appeal is received within the 10 day appeal period. Processing time for a Major Variance generally runs about 1 to 2 months.

Things to Remember

- 1. A variance may be approved only when all the following conditions and facts exist:
 - A. The granting of the variance will not be detrimental to the public safety, health, or welfare, or injuries to other property;
 - B. The conditions upon which the request for a variance are based are unique to the property for which the variance is sought and are not applicable generally to other property;
 - C. Approval of the application will allow the property to be used only for purposes authorized by the zoning ordinance;
 - D. Strict compliance with the Zoning Ordinance would create an unnecessary hardship;
 - E. The granting of the variance will not adversely affect the realization of the Comprehensive Plan nor violate any other provision of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 2. A variance becomes **void after 1 year** if the next step in the development process has not been applied for.
- 3. The Planning Commission (Major Variance public hearing) or the Director (Minor Variance administrative) can impose whatever reasonable requirements will fulfill the intent of the Zoning Ordinance.