

PREP Checklists: GO and STAY KITS

In gathering what you need to make it through a disaster, put together both a **GO KIT**, in case you need to evacuate, and a **STAY KIT** of gear and supplies you'll need to ride it out at home. Even after a major earthquake, your house might still be safe to stay in, and with enough preparation you can stay at home even if utility and transport services are out. Studies show people fare best at home if it's safe. Here are PREP's suggestions – based on Red Cross, Ready.gov and other sources – as a starting point for customizing your kits for your family's needs.

safe and you need to evacuate to a shelter, motel, or home of family or friend. Pack up the GO BAGS (consider rolling suitcases or backpacks) and store them in an easily accessible place. Under everyone's bed a pair of sturdy shoes/boots & socks bicycle helmet or hard hat leather work gloves flashlight & whistle stuffed in shoes bottle of water In personal GO BAGS toothbrush & paste, soap & small towel facial tissue & toilet paper complete change of warm clothing plus rain gear sleeping bag or blanket water: 1 gallon/day x 3 days (or put in family bag) medications & wellness items spare pair of glasses or contact lens items out of area contact information photo of the whole family cash in small bills a comfort item (stuffed toy, book) In the family GO BAG 3 days' supply of high-protein, high-energy food that won't spoil (see STAY KIT for suggestions) can opener, utensils, plastic/paper dishes & cups	☐ first aid kit including prescriptions & a manual ☐ sewing kit with scissors ☐ extra set house & car keys ☐ more cash in small bills & credit card ☐ important family papers in a waterproof container (include copies of insurance & medical information & phone nos.; prescriptions; driver's licenses/other ID) ☐ photo of whole family and pets ☐ paper and pens or pencils with hand sharpener ☐ sanitation supplies (see STAY KIT for examples) ☐ toilet paper ☐ entertainment items: cards, books ☐ special items for infants & the elderly/disabled For Fido or Fluffy Pets, except service animals, are not generally allowed in human shelters. Some shelters might have facilities for pets nearby, but most don't. So it's important to make alternative plans such as kennels, pet-friendly motels, neighbors, friends or family. See the Family Peter Emergency Plan handout for information and supplies for your pet's emergency kit. Also, ☐ consider microchipping your pet companion ☐ be sure rabies vaccinations are up to date (required for shelter admission)								
					□ keep your pets securely leashed or confined while transporting; keep papers & emergency kit with the □ arrange with a trusted neighbor to care for each other's pets if you're not home when disaster strike make sure neighbor knows location of emergency kit				

STAY KIT: In a large disaster such as a regional earthquake, supplies will be a long time coming due to damaged or impassible roads, so it's best to plan for 3 weeks on your own. You don't need to assemble your STAY KIT into one place as long as you know where it all is. To build up your kit a little at a time, use the **Family Emergency Supply Calendar** as a buying guide. **To the GO KIT lists, add this list:**

<u>Water:</u> Store tap water in clean food-safe bottles (not milk jugs), or buy bottled water. Also, you can use water from your water heater if it's not damaged. (Be sure now that it's securely strapped down, and flush the heater annually to remove sediment.) This water may not be drinkable without treatment but can be used for washing.

☐ You need 1 gallon per person per day for drinking, cooking and hygiene.

See **Beyond 72 Hours** for more information on how to store and purify water.

STAY KIT, continued Food: See Beyond 72 Hours for using food from the fridge and freezer. Choose foods household members like, which don't need refrigeration, are not too salty, and mostly don't require cooking. (If you use very salty food or dehydrated food, you'll need more water.) Don't store food for your kit in glass. Include protein items such as nuts & canned meats, fish, beans, soups & stews canned vegetables & fruits; canned/boxed juices high energy foods such as energy bars, peanut butter & crackers, trail mix, dried fruit, cookies dry cereal/granola & sealed boxes of milk or boxed milk substitutes comfort foods (coffee, tea, chocolate!) vitamins special needs for infants & elders Kitchen gear & supplies: camp stove & fuel (see Beyond 72 Hours for why to cook OUTSIDE ONLY!) non-electric can opener antibacterial dish soap household bleach to dilute for a disinfectant (10 drops per gallon of water, let stand 30+ minutes) zip seal bags; garbage bags & ties To minimize the need for washing water, store paper plates & cups, plastic utensils, paper towels & napkins, disposable disinfecting hand wipes Emergency gear: battery lanterns, more batteries	□ candles with matches in waterproof holder (last resort light source only—fire hazard) □ cell phone; battery or hand crank phone charger (test it!) □ hand crank battery charger or auto battery inverter □ dust masks to filter dust-contaminated air □ local maps Sanitation: □ separate buckets for pee & poo with toilet seat lid & sawdust or other carbon material to cover poo (see Beyond 72 Hours for details; learn how!) □ heavy duty trash bags & ties □ personal & feminine hygiene items, soap, shampoo See "Kitchen gear & supplies" for using bleach as a disinfectant. Tools: □ Swiss Army knife, field knife with razor bands & sharpening stone, multi tool □ pliers sets, vise grips, multi screwdriver set, screws, hammer, nails, wire, epoxy, staple gun & staples □ small axe, shovel, foldable root saw, hack saw blade, metal file for sharpening, crowbar or pry bar □ shutoff tools (non-sparking) to turn off utilities □ ABC fire extinguisher Shelter: □ tent (see Beyond 72 Hours for how to use indoors) □ plastic sheeting & duct tape for covering broken windows □ roofing tarp			
☐ battery lanterns, more batteries ☐ magnesium striker	☐ 2 painter drop cloths 10x20 ☐ nylon rope			
CAMPING KIT: In addition to the STAY and GO KIT lists, include these items if you want the option of camping out in your back yard or elsewhere. This could be an alternative to a shelter, motel, or family member/friend's home, should your house not be safe to stay in. Camp kitchen: mess kits or cups, plates & utensils cook pots, cooking knife, large spoon	Clothing: extra warm clothes, underwear & socks boots, rain pants & poncho Miscellaneous: US Army Field Guide or similar survival book mylar blankets, quick dry towels sunscreen, bug repellent notebooks, paper, pens, pencils with hand sharpener books, games, puzzles, toys, etc. for children			
☐ ice chest for food storage ☐ aluminum foil ☐ sponge scrubby, hand towel, hot pads	stuff sacs, duffel bags &/or backpacks small backpacks/waist packs for personal stuff			

Once you have these kits together, you can make smaller kits for the car, work or school. See the **Resources** section of the **PREP** website if you want more suggestions for emergency supplies.



We often hear about 72-hour kits in the context of disaster readiness. However, a widespread regional disaster such as a Cascadia subduction zone earthquake would disrupt supply, assistance and communications lines for much longer than 72 hours. Think through your needs for up to three weeks without services. Though food supplies may eventually be provided through the Red Cross and National Guard, we need to consider these issues:

Power: Be prepared to be without refrigeration and hot water; stoves; electric can openers; computers; security devices and street lights at night; and most phones except possibly land lines, with non-electric phone only, and emergency phones (cellphones may work for texting if towers are standing). If you have a wood stove, **store extra wood.** Consider a generator and fuel or portable solar panels for lighting, heating and recharging.

Water: The standard recommendation is to store one gallon of drinking water per person per day for drinking, cooking, brushing teeth and washing hands. But this doesn't take care of all our water needs—for showering, washing dishes and clothes, and flushing toilets (see below). Most homes have some water stored in the water heater tank (which needs to be bolted or strapped down). Some homes have hot tubs, swimming pools, or rainwater barrels, but these can be damaged in a quake and leak. Also, the chemicals in hot tubs and swimming pools are too concentrated for that water to be drinkable, but it can be used for washing. It would also be a good idea to have a water filter that can filter out bacteria (see Where to Buy Supplies for more information). You can also purify water by boiling, then adding 16 drops of bleach per gallon and letting it stand 30 minutes before using. Aerate for better taste by pouring between two clean containers.

Food: Most food in the fridge should be consumed within 24 hours. Frozen food will keep for 2 or 3 days without electricity. Cook on a camp stove or BBQ **OUTDOORS only**. Cooking this way indoors gives off deadly gases, even if you cook in the fireplace. If you don't have something to cook on, find someone who does and share cooking duties and your perishable food. Store at least a 2 week supply of **non-perishable food**, including ready-to-eat items that have high energy/calorie content.

Garbage: Store a generous supply of **heavy duty plastic bags** to store garbage until service is restored or until alternative drop-off locations can be arranged.

Human waste: Use the two-bucket system developed following the Christchurch earthquake to separate pee and poo. Get two 5 to 6 gallon buckets with lids plus a toilet seat that can be used on either bucket (available through preparedness stores and websites), and one or two gallon-size plastic bags of sawdust, shredded paper, peat moss, pulverized leaves or other carbon material. Mark one bucket "pee" and the other "poo." (Pee is what produces the bad smell in toilets that mix waste, so the idea is to keep them separate as much as possible.) Keep the pee bucket well sealed when not in use. Sprinkle enough of the carbon material over poo to completely cover the surface (this eliminates odors and keeps flies from making themselves at home). Cover the poo bucket with the toilet seat making sure it is **not** airtight--air will dry out the poo and reduce its volume. Collect used toilet paper separately in a plastic bag. For more detail, see the **Emergency Sanitation** handout available on the **Get Prepared** page of this website.

Shelter: If you don't already have a **tent**, get one if you can. If your house is livable after a disaster but has no heat, a small tent can be set up right on a bed. A larger one can be set up on the floor and the mattress moved into it. The tent will retain body heat, keeping you warmer. If your house is not liveable, a tent can house you until you can find other shelter; be sure it is large enough for family members and gear.

For more ideas, check the **Long-Term Resilience** section of the **PREP** website.

Family Emergency Supplies Calendar

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Grocery Store:	Hardware Store:	Grocery Store:	Hardware Store:	Grocery Store:	First Aid Supplies:	Hardware Store:	Grocery Store:
☐ 1 gallon water*	☐ Plumber's tape	☐ 1 gallon water*	☐ Crescent wrench	☐ 1 gallon water*	☐ Aspirin or	☐ Hardware to	☐ 1 gallon water*
□ 1 protein item*	□ Crowbar	☐ 1 protein item*	☐ Screwdriver set	☐ 1 protein item*	□ Tylenol	secure heavy or	☐ 1 can ready-to-
☐ 1 large can juice*	☐ Smoke detector	☐ 1 can fruit*	☐ Heavy rope	☐ 1 can fruit*	☐ Compresses	hazardous objects	eat soup*
☐ Hand operated	with battery	☐ Sanitary napkins	☐ Duct tape	☐ 1 can vegetables*	☐ Gauze/bandages	☐ Heavy work	☐ 1 protein item*
can opener	2 flashlights with	Adult vitamins	☐ Battery powered	2 rolls toilet	☐ First aid tape	gloves	☐ 1 can fruit*
☐ Instant coffee,	batteries	☐ 1 box quick	camping lantern	paper*	☐ Adhesive	☐ 1 box disposable	☐ 1 can vegetables*
tea, powdered		energy snacks	☐ Bungee cords	☐ Extra	bandages (assorted	dust masks	☐ Children's
drinks	Also: Pet leash			toothbrush*	sizes)		vitamins
☐ Permanent	and/or carrier	Also: Pet food,	Also: Extra	☐ Extra toothpaste*		Also: Assorted	
marking pen to mark		diapers, and baby	medications or a	☐ Plastic wrap	Also: Extra batteries	safety pins	Also: Any items
date on cans, bottles	To Do: Pack a "Go	supplies (remember	prescription marked	☐ Aluminum foil	for special medical		required for eye
☐1 box large heavy-	Kit" for evacuations.	1 gallon water for	"Emergency Use"		equipment	To Do: Install	care
duty garbage bags	Mark your calendar	each pet)		Also: Special foods		hardware to secure	
	for 6 months from		To Do: Place a pair	for dietary/medical	To Do: Teach your	heavy or hazardous	To Do: Make an
To Do: Check your	today to replenish/	To Do: Locate gas	of sturdy shoes and	restrictions	family members	objects.	emergency plan
home for hazards.	replace food and	meter and water	a flashlight under		how to use phones		with your family
	water.	shutoffs, and have a	each bed so they are	To Do: Identify	and messaging		
		wrench that fits	handy during an	evacuation routes	devices.		
		each.	emergency.	for your area.			

Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
First Aid Supplies:	Grocery Store:	Hardware Store:	Grocery Store:	First Aid Supplies:	Hardware Store:	Grocery Store:	Hardware Store:
☐ Scissors	☐ I can ready-to-eat	☐ Waterproof	☐ 1 large can juice*	☐ Anti-diarrhea	☐ Whistle	☐ 1 can fruit*	☐ Extra flashlight
□ Tweezers	soup*	portable plastic	☐ Large plastic food	medicine	☐ ABC fire	☐ 1 can vegetables*	batteries
☐ Antiseptic	☐ 1 protein item*	container for	bags	☐ Rubbing alcohol	extinguisher	☐ 1 protein item*	□ Duct tape
☐ Liquid hand soap	☐ 1 can vegetables	important papers	☐ 1 box quick	☐ Ipecac syrup and	☐ Pliers	☐ 1 package eating	☐ Hammer
☐ Hand sanitizer	☐ 1 box graham	☐ Portable AM/FM	energy snacks	activated charcoal	☐ Vise grips	utensils	☐ Assorted nails
☐ Disposable hand	crackers	radio and batteries	(power bars)	(for accidental	☐ Camping or utility	☐ 1 package paper	
wipes	☐ Liquid dish soap		☐ 3 rolls paper	poisoning)	knife	cups	To Do: Photocopy
☐ Sewing kit	☐ Liquid bleach	Also: blankets or	towels	☐ Sunscreen	☐ Extra batteries	☐ 3 rolls paper	important papers
	☐ 1 box heavy-duty	sleeping bags for	☐ Facial tissues			towels	and store them
Also: Individual eye	garbage bags	each family member		To Do: Find out if	Also: Purchase an	☐ 2 rolls toilet	safely. Determine if
protection (safety			To Do: Sign up for	you have a	emergency escape	paper*	there is an out-of-
glasses/goggles)	Also: Assemble	To Do: Check with	First Aid/CPR class	neighborhood safety	ladder for any		state family member
	some games for you	your child's day care	and Community	organization and	second story	Also: Assorted	or other secure
To Do: Establish an	and your family to	or school for their	Emergency	join it. Plan to check	bedrooms.	plastic containers	storage place to put
out-of-state contact	play as well as	disaster plan.	Response Team or	on a neighbor who		with lids for storage	copies of your
to call in case of	individual games.	Arrange for family,	Neighborhood	might need help	To Do: Find out		important papers.
emergency. Inform		friends or neighbors	Emergency Team	during an	about your	To Do: Subscribe to	
your emergency	To Do: Plan and	to help your children	training courses	emergency.	workplace	local community	
contacts of this	practice exit drills in	if you are at work.	(CERT or NET).		emergency plans.	alert services.	
situation.	the home.						

^{*}Per person in the household